

## CLAIMS

I claim:

1. (Cancelled)
2. (Cancelled)
3. (Cancelled)
4. (Cancelled)
5. (Cancelled)
6. (Cancelled)
7. (Cancelled)
8. (Cancelled)
9. (Cancelled)
10. (Cancelled)
11. (Cancelled)
12. (Cancelled)
13. (Cancelled)
14. (Cancelled)
15. (Cancelled)
16. (Cancelled)
17. (Cancelled)
18. (Cancelled)
19. (Cancelled)
20. (Cancelled)
21. (Cancelled)
22. (Cancelled)
23. (Cancelled)
24. (Cancelled)
25. (Cancelled)
26. (Cancelled)
27. (Cancelled)

28. (Cancelled)
29. (Cancelled)
30. (Cancelled)
31. (Currently Amended) A method of making a granular fluid treatment media, the method comprising:  
mixing together only binder material and particles of [[a]] material active for fluid treatment, wherein said binder material has a melt index of less than or equal to 1g/10 min;  
heating the resulting mixture to a temperature in the range of about 275 - 500 degrees F;  
wherein the binder material softens so that the material active for fluid treatment adheres to the binder material to form a plurality of separate granules for use as a fluid treatment media; and  
cooling the mixture;  
wherein no solid support material other than binder is included in the mixture; and the method of making said granular fluid treatment media comprises no compression of the mixture.
32. (Cancelled)
33. (Currently Amended) The method as in Claim 31, wherein the ~~primary~~ material active for fluid treatment is activated carbon.
34. (Currently Amended) The method as in Claim 31, wherein the ~~primary~~ material active for fluid treatment comprises is a sorbent material.
35. (Original) The method as in Claim 31 wherein the binder material has a Vicat softening point in the range of 150 - 400 degrees F.

36. (Currently Amended) The method as in Claim 31 wherein the binder material is made from binder particles having less than  $[[<]]$  150 micron diameters.
37. (Currently Amended) The method as in Claim 31 wherein the primary material is active particles of less than  $[[<]]$  150 micron diameter.
38. (Original) The method as in Claim 31 comprising mixing said binder material and said active particles together so that the resulting mixture is 8 - 50 wt-% binder material and 92 - 50 wt-% active material.
39. (Original) The method as in Claim 31 comprising no addition of any particle larger 150 microns.